# **future**focus

## the DC funds

Cash – **active** as at 31 December 2019

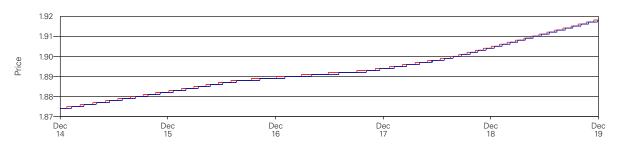
## fund objective

To protect the absolute value of the investment by investing in deposits and other short-term money market instruments. The fund aims to perform in line with the benchmark.

fund <b>facts</b>	top 10 <b>holdings</b>		asset <b>breakd</b>	
Launch date:		%		%
23 February 2007	1. UK Treasury	22.68	Term Deposits	68.56
Fund size:	2. Bank of China London	9.09	Others	31.44
£110.37m	Australia & New Zealand Bank     Melbourne	9.09	Total	100.00
Price per share: 191.80p	4. First Abu Dhabi Bank PJS	8.85		
	5. PMC Loan	8.79		
Charges:	6. Standard Chartered Bank	8.36		
Inv Mgmt Charges: 0.00% Additional Charges: 0.00%	7. Bred - Banque Populaire	7.38		
	8. Sumitomo Mitsui Banking	7.11		
Current underlying fund(s):	United Overseas Bank     Singapore	6.88		
Legal & General Cash Fund	10.National Bank of Canada	6.88		
	Total	95.11		

## fund performance

	31 Dec 2018 - 31 Dec 2019 %	31 Dec 2017 - 31 Dec 2018	31 Dec 2016 - 31 Dec 2017 %	31 Dec 2015 - 31 Dec 2016 %	31 Dec 2014 - 31 Dec 2015
Fund	0.74%	0.53%	0.26%	0.37%	0.43%
■ Benchmark	0.58%	0.45%	0.16%	0.26%	0.36%
Relative Performance	0.16%	0.08%	0.10%	0.11%	0.07%



Rolling time period	3 months	6 months	1 year	3 year p.a.	5 year p.a.	Since launch
Fund	0.21%	0.37%	0.74%	0.51%	0.47%	16.33%
Benchmark	0.15%	0.29%	0.57%	0.36%	0.36%	16.02%
Relative Performance	0.06%	0.08%	0.17%	0.15%	0.11%	0.31%

Past performance isn't a guide to future performance. The figures are shown in sterling and have been calculated using actual returns since the introduction of the current DC fund range.

**Source:** Morningstar, FIL Life Insurance Ltd. Single priced (i.e. no bid/offer spread), gross income reinvested and gross of fees. Indicative prices have been used if a portfolio valuation fell on a non-trading day.



## **future**focus

### market commentary

The UK economy appeared to perform poorly in the fourth quarter, as elevated political uncertainty weighed on activity. Both the services and manufacturing Purchasing Managers' Index (PMI) were in contractionary territory during the period, with firms citing Brexit and weak external conditions for the weakness. The labour market, however, remained positive. In the August–October period, employment returned to growth and wage gains were robust, providing some support to private consumption. On the political front, prime Minister Boris Johnson's Conservative Party won the national election, signalling hopes that the UK will be able to win approval for a draft deal to leave the European Union by the extended deadline of 31 January 2020. The new administration is likely to implement fiscal stimulus measures to support economic activity.

## risk rating

■ Very Low ■ Low ■ Low/Medium ■ Medium ■ Medium/High ■ High ■ Very High

All investments carry a level of risk. You need to decide how much of each type of risk

you're prepared to take. The table below gives an overview of some of the risks associated with this fund.

risk type	description of risk	level of risk for this fund
Capital Risk	This is the risk that the value of your investments will fall. The younger you are, the less worried you might be about capital risk, because your investments have time to recover their value before your retire.	Very Low
Inflation Risk	This is the risk that the value of your investments will grow more slowly than prices rise. Inflation can be a problem for pension savings invested in cash funds particularly if the interest you're earning is less than the rate of inflation.	Med High
Pension Conversion Risk	The price of an annuity changes on a regular basis. This means that the amount of income you can secure with the same amount of money will change. Pension conversion risk is the risk that the amount of income you can buy drops before you retire, because your money is invested differently to annuity funds. That's why putting more of your DC pension pot into bonds to try to match annuity prices as you get closer to retirement age can help protect against this risk.	Med

#### About the factsheet

It is important to remember that the price of units can go down as well as up. There's no guarantee that you'll get back the amount that goes into your DC pension pot. Changes in rates of currency exchange, particularly where overseas securities are held, could also affect the value of your investment. Although the funds can typically be bought and sold on a daily basis, if an exceptional amount of withdrawals are requested, the fund manager may need to delay when you can access your holdings. All funds are provided through FIL Life Insurance Ltd and may invest in securities issued by or hold deposits with HSBC Holdings plc and associated companies.

The Trustee can change the underlying managers or funds at any time without member consent or prior polification.

Valuation time: Business days at 5:00pm (UK time)

Dealing Process: The cut off time for switch instructions is 2:00pm each business day.

#### Contact us

You can find more Scheme information at: www.futurefocus.staff.hsbc.co.uk

If you have any questions contact the HSBC Administration Team at: email: HSBCpension@willistowerswatson.com phone:01737 227 575

### Issued December 2019

Copyright HSBC Bank Pension Trust (UK) Limited 2015. All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise, without the prior written permission of HSBC Bank Pension Trust (UK) Limited. Members of the pension scheme may, however, copy appropriate extracts in connection with their own benefits under the Scheme.

#### Charges

HSBC pays the investment management charges – not you. However, there may be costs within some of the funds and these will be reflected in the unit price. These nominal costs are variable and are likely to be between nil and 0.2% a year.

