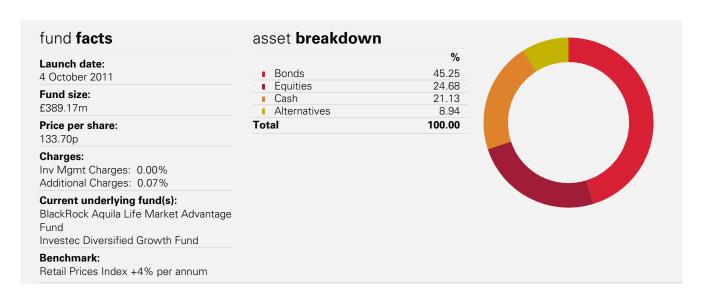
the DC funds

Diversified Assets – **active**as at 30 June 2018

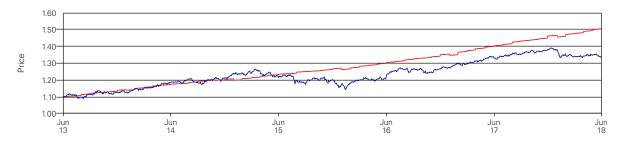
fund objective

To provide long-term capital growth in excess of UK price inflation. The fund aims to have less capital risk than an equities based fund by investing in a broad range of asset classes including equities, bonds, and a range of alternative assets. The fund aims to perform in line with the benchmark, over the long-term.



fund performance

	30 Jun 2017 - 30 Jun 2018 %	30 Jun 2016 - 30 Jun 2017 %	30 Jun 2015 - 30 Jun 2016 %	30 Jun 2014 - 30 Jun 2015 %	30 Jun 2013 - 30 Jun 2014 %
■ Fund	0.38%	9.09%	0.49%	2.45%	7.95%
■ Benchmark	7.51%	7.64%	5.70%	5.06%	6.75%
Relative Performance	-7.13%	1.45%	-5.21%	-2.61%	1.20%



Rolling time period	3 months	6 months	1 year	3 year p.a.	5 year p.a.	Since launch
Fund	-0.15%	-3.26%	0.38%	3.24%	4.00%	33.70%
Benchmark	2.14%	3.21%	7.51%	6.95%	6.53%	54.15%
Relative Performance	-2.29%	-6.47%	-7.13%	-3.71%	-2.53%	-20.45%

Past performance isn't a guide to future performance. The figures are shown in sterling and have been calculated using actual returns since the introduction of the current DC fund range.

Source: Morningstar, FIL Life Insurance Ltd. Single priced (i.e. no bid/offer spread), gross income reinvested and gross of fees. Indicative prices have been used if a portfolio valuation fell on a non-trading day.





market commentary

Global equities advanced, supported by encouraging corporate results. However, fears of faster interest rate hikes by the US Federal Reserve (Fed), trade frictions between the US and other major economies, and political issues in Europe led to periods of volatility. The US Fed raised interest rates in June and indicated two further rate hikes by the end of 2018. The European Central Bank announced an end to its bond-buying programme at the close of the year. The US and UK markets outperformed, while Japan and Europe ex UK lagged. Emerging markets generated negative returns. At a sector level, energy and information technology (IT) were the leading gainers. All asset classes generated positive returns. Property shares advanced the most, followed by equities, commodities and bonds. Within fixed income markets, government bonds outperformed corporate bonds. Returns in sterling terms were supported by its depreciation against the dollar, yen and euro.

risk rating

■ Very Low ■ Low ■ Low/Medium ■ Medium ■ Medium/High ■ High ■ Very High
All investments carry a level of risk. You need to decide how much of each type of risk
you're prepared to take. The table below gives an overview of some of the risks associated with this fund.

risk type	description of risk	level of risk for this fund
Capital Risk	This is the risk that the value of your investments will fall. The younger you are, the less worried you might be about capital risk, because your investments have time to recover their value before your retire.	Med
Inflation Risk	This is the risk that the value of your investments will grow more slowly than prices rise. Inflation can be a problem for pension savings invested in cash funds particularly if the interest you're earning is less than the rate of inflation.	Med
Pension Conversion Risk	The price of an annuity changes on a regular basis. This means that the amount of income you can secure with the same amount of money will change. Pension conversion risk is the risk that the amount of income you can buy drops before you retire, because your money is invested differently to annuity funds. That's why putting more of your DC pension pot into bonds to try to match annuity prices as you get closer to retirement age can help protect against this risk.	High

About the factsheet

It is important to remember that the price of units can go down as well as up. There's no guarantee that you'll get back the amount that goes into your DC pension pot. Changes in rates of currency exchange, particularly where overseas securities are held, could also affect the value of your investment.

All funds are provided through FIL Life Insurance Ltd and may invest in securities issued by or hold deposits with HSBC Holdings plc and associated companies.

The Trustee can change the underlying managers or funds at any time without member consent or prior notification.

Valuation time: Business days at 5:00pm (UK time)

Dealing Process: The cut off time for switch instructions is 2:00pm each business day.

Contact us

You can find more Scheme information at: www.futurefocus.staff.hsbc.co.uk

If you have any questions contact the HSBC Administration Team at: email: HSBCpension@willistowerswatson.com phone:01737 227 575

Issued June 2018

Copyright HSBC Bank Pension Trust (UK) Limited 2015. All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise, without the prior written permission of HSBC Bank Pension Trust (UK) Limited. Members of the pension scheme may, however, copy appropriate extracts in connection with their own benefits under the Scheme.

for members of the HSBC Bank (UK) Pension Scheme

Charges

HSBC pays the investment management charges – not you. However, there may be costs within some of the funds and these will be reflected in the unit price. These nominal costs are variable and are likely to be between nil and 0.2% a year.

