the DC funds

Sterling Corporate Bonds - active

as at 30 June 2020

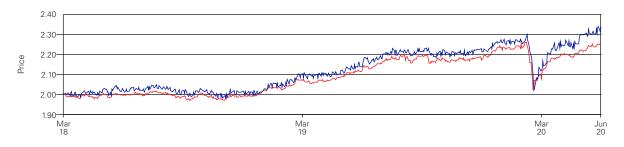
fund objective

To provide long-term capital growth in excess of UK price inflation by investing mainly in investment grade corporate bonds of UK companies. The fund aims to outperform the benchmark over the long term

fund facts	top 10 holdings		asset breakdo	
Launch date: 1 March 2018	1. EDF 6% 23/01/2114	% 1.20%	Non-Financials	% 38.70
Fund size: £3.68m	 Lloyds 6% 08/02/29 Transport for London 4% 07/04/64 Silverback Finance 25/02/37 Legal & General 5.5% 27/06/64 Thames Water 5.125% 28/09/37 Innogy 6.25% 03/06/30 Ford Motor Credit 4.535% 06/03/25 	1.10%	Financials Government Asset Backed Securities Supranationals & Agencies Cash & other Covered Bonds Mortgage Backed	21.10 13.90 9.80 4.90 4.30 4.20 3.10
Price per share: 233.70p		0.80%		
Charges: Inv Mgmt Charges: 0.00% Additional Charges: 0.00%		0.70% 0.70% 0.70%		
Current underlying fund(s): M&G All Stocks Corporate Bond Fund				
	9. Walmart 5.625% 15/04/41 10.Verizon Communictaions 3.125% 02/11/35	0.60%	Total	100.00
	Total	8.30%		

fund performance

	30 Jun 2019 - 30 Jun 2020 %	30 Jun 2018 - 30 Jun 2019 %	30 Jun 2017 - 30 Jun 2018 %	30 Jun 2016 - 30 Jun 2017 %	30 Jun 2015 - 30 Jun 2016 %
Fund	9.26%	5.32%	2.73%	8.02%	7.52%
Benchmark	6.39%	5.90%	0.61%	5.26%	8.97%
Relative Performance	2.87%	-0.58%	2.12%	2.76%	-1.45%



Rolling time period	3 months	6 months	1 year	3 year p.a.	5 year p.a.	Since launch
Fund	10.13%	5.60%	9.26%	5.73%	6.54%	7.07%
Benchmark	6.95%	3.34%	6.39%	4.27%	5.39%	5.37%
Relative Performance	3.18%	2.26%	2.87%	1.46%	1.15%	1.70%

Past performance isn't a guide to future performance. The figures are shown in sterling and have been calculated using actual returns since the introduction of the current DC fund range.

Source: Morningstar, FIL Life Insurance Ltd. Single priced (i.e. no bid/offer spread), gross income reinvested and gross of fees. Indicative prices have been used if a portfolio valuation fell on a non-trading day. The fund was launched on 1st March 2018, but links to an underlying fund which has been existence for a number of years. Before 1st March 2018, performance is simulated based on data provided by M&G Investments, the underlying fund provider. Thereafter, returns are produced by Fidelity on a monthly basis.





futurefocus

market commentary

Global bond markets generated positive returns over the quarter, with corporate bonds outperforming government bonds. The US Federal Reserve (Fed) expanded its secondary market corporate facility, which will allow it to buy individual, short-maturity corporate bonds in US companies along with corporate exchange traded funds (including investment-grade and some high-yield corporate debt). Likewise, the European Central Bank (ECB) expanded its pandemic emergency purchase programme by €600 billion (to €1.35 trillion) and the Bank of Japan (BoJ) pledged to buy an unlimited amount of bonds to keep borrowing costs low. UK government bond (Gilt) yields across a range of maturities fell to all-time lows in 2020, with yields on shorter-dated bonds turning negative, despite a huge expansion in Gilt issuance.

risk rating

■ Very Low ■ Low ■ Low/Medium ■ Medium ■ Medium/High ■ High ■ Very High

All investments carry a level of risk. You need to decide how much of each type of risk

you're prepared to take. The table below gives an overview of some of the risks associated with this fund.

risk type	description of risk	level of risk for this fund
Capital Risk	This is the risk that the value of your investments will fall. The younger you are, the less worried you might be about capital risk, because your investments have time to recover their value before your retire.	Med High
Inflation Risk	This is the risk that the value of your investments will grow more slowly than prices rise. Inflation can be a problem for pension savings invested in cash funds particularly if the interest you're earning is less than the rate of inflation.	Med High
Pension Conversion Risk	The price of an annuity changes on a regular basis. This means that the amount of income you can secure with the same amount of money will change. Pension conversion risk is the risk that the amount of income you can buy drops before you retire, because your money is invested differently to annuity funds. That's why putting more of your DC pension pot into bonds to try to match annuity prices as you get closer to retirement age can help protect against this risk.	Low

About the factsheet

It is important to remember that the price of units can go down as well as up. There's no guarantee that you'll get back the amount that goes into your DC pension pot. Changes in rates of currency exchange, particularly where overseas securities are held, could also affect the value of your investment. Although the funds can typically be bought and sold on a daily basis, if an exceptional amount of withdrawals are requested, the fund manager may need to delay when you can access your holdings. All funds are provided through FIL Life Insurance Ltd and may invest in securities issued by or hold deposits with HSBC Holdings plc and associated companies.

The Trustee can change the underlying managers or funds at any time without member consent or prior polification.

Valuation time: Business days at 5:00pm (UK time)

Dealing Process: The cut off time for switch instructions is 2:00pm each business day.

Contact us

You can find more Scheme information at: www.futurefocus.staff.hsbc.co.uk

If you have any questions contact the HSBC Administration Team at: email: HSBCpension@willistowerswatson.com phone:01737 227 575

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Charges

HSBC pays the investment management charges – not you. However, there may be costs within some of the funds and these will be reflected in the unit price. These nominal costs are variable and are likely to be between nil and 0.2% a year.

