the DC funds

European (ex UK) Equities - **passive**as at 31 March 2020

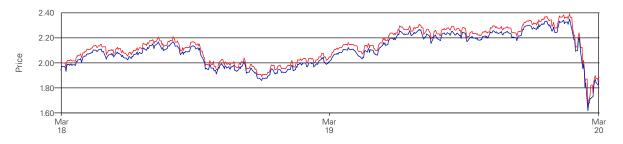
fund objective

To provide long-term capital growth in excess of UK price inflation by investing predominantly in European (ex UK) listed shares. The fund aims to perform in line with the benchmark as closely as possible.

fund facts	top 10 holdings		geographical b	I Canaovii
Launch date:		%		%
1 March 2018	1. Nestle	5.50	 Switzerland 	22.67
Fund size: £4.52m	2. Roche	4.16	France	21.80
	3. Novartis	3.24	Germany	17.99
	4. SAP	1.97	 Netherlands 	8.43
Price per share: 185.70p	5. ASML	1.93	Sweden	6.11
	6. Novo Nordisk	1.83	Spain	5.45
Charges: Inv Mgmt Charges: 0.00%	7. Sanofi	1.72	Italy	5.14
	8. Total SA	1.67	Other	5.14
Additional Charges: 0.00%	9. LVMH	1.67	Denmark	4.65
Current underlying fund(s): L&G European (Ex UK) Equity	10.Allianz	1.29	■ Finland	2.62
			Total	100.00
Index Fund	Total	24.98		

fund performance

	31 Mar 2019 - 31 Mar 2020 %	31 Mar 2018 - 31 Mar 2019 %	31 Mar 2017 - 31 Mar 2018 %	31 Mar 2016 - 31 Mar 2017 %	31 Mar 2015 - 31 Mar 2016 %
Fund	-7.61%	2.03%	3.69%	27.40%	-4.58%
Benchmark	-7.80%	2.20%	3.93%	28.02%	-4.44%
Relative Performance	0.19%	-0.17%	-0.24%	-0.62%	-0.14%



Rolling time period	3 months	6 months	1 year	3 year p.a.	5 year p.a.	Since launch
Fund	-18.12%	-16.99%	-7.61%	-0.76%	3.51%	6.15%
Benchmark	-18.12%	-16.99%	-7.80%	-0.69%	3.68%	5.99%
Relative Performance	0.00%	0.00%	0.19%	-0.07%	-0.17%	0.16%

Past performance isn't a guide to future performance. The figures are shown in sterling and have been calculated using actual returns since the introduction of the current DC fund range.

Source: Morningstar, FIL Life Insurance Ltd. Single priced (i.e. no bid/offer spread), gross income reinvested and gross of fees. Indicative prices have been used if a portfolio valuation fell on a non-trading day. The fund was launched on 1st March 2018, but links to an underlying fund which has been existence for a number of years. Before 1st March 2018, performance is simulated based on data provided by Legal and General, the underlying fund provider. Thereafter, returns are produced by Fidelity on a monthly basis.





market commentary

European markets fell sharply over the first quarter, with the most significant losses seen in March. 2020 started on a positive note, on optimism around the US- China trade deal. These gains were more than offset on mounting concerns over the COVID-19 outbreak and an oil price collapse. The situation worsened in March, as the epicentre of the pandemic moved to Europe. Markets sold-off sharply as many countries introduced full or partial lockdown measures to stem the spread of the virus. The European Central Bank announced a EUR750 billion Pandemic Emergency Purchase Programme to try and bolster the economy and its President Christine Lagarde said that 'there are no limits to our commitment to the euro', which provided some support to the market. However, all sectors ended in negative territory, with financials, energy and consumer discretionary falling the most. Health care, utilities and consumer staples outperformed the broader market.

risk rating

■ Very Low ■ Low ■ Low/Medium ■ Medium ■ Medium/High ■ High ■ Very High
All investments carry a level of risk. You need to decide how much of each type of risk
you're prepared to take. The table below gives an overview of some of the risks associated with this fund.

risk type	description of risk	level of risk for this fund
Capital Risk	This is the risk that the value of your investments will fall. The younger you are, the less worried you might be about capital risk, because your investments have time to recover their value before your retire.	High
Inflation Risk	This is the risk that the value of your investments will grow more slowly than prices rise. Inflation can be a problem for pension savings invested in cash funds particularly if the interest you're earning is less than the rate of inflation.	Med
Pension Conversion Risk	The price of an annuity changes on a regular basis. This means that the amount of income you can secure with the same amount of money will change. Pension conversion risk is the risk that the amount of income you can buy drops before you retire, because your money is invested differently to annuity funds. That's why putting more of your DC pension pot into bonds to try to match annuity prices as you get closer to retirement age can help protect against this risk.	High

About the factsheet

It is important to remember that the price of units can go down as well as up. There's no guarantee that you'll get back the amount that goes into your DC pension pot. Changes in rates of currency exchange, particularly where overseas securities are held, could also affect the value of your investment. Although the funds can typically be bought and sold on a daily basis, if an exceptional amount of withdrawals are requested, the fund manager may need to delay when you can access your holdings. All funds are provided through FIL Life Insurance Ltd and may invest in securities issued by or hold deposits with HSBC Holdings plc and associated companies.

The Trustee can change the underlying managers or funds at any time without member consent or prior notification.

Valuation time: Business days at 5:00pm (UK time)

Dealing Process: The cut off time for switch instructions is 2:00pm each business day.

Contact us

You can find more Scheme information at: www.futurefocus.staff.hsbc.co.uk

If you have any questions contact the HSBC Administration Team at: email: HSBCpension@willistowerswatson.com phone:01737 227 575

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for members of the HSBC Bank (UK) Pension Scheme

Charges

HSBC pays the investment management charges – not you. However, there may be costs within some of the funds and these will be reflected in the unit price. These nominal costs are variable and are likely to be between nil and 0.2% a year.

