

# The DC Funds

Emerging Markets Equities - active as at 30 June 2023

## Fund objective

To provide long-term capital growth by investing in shares predominantly listed in developing countries. Over the long term the fund aims to outperform the benchmark and provide growth above inflation.

## Fund description

The Fund currently invests in two active funds which invest in companies domiciled in the emerging markets. Approximately half the fund is invested in a concentrated portfolio of around 50-80 shares with a focus on companies that exhibit strong long-term sustainable profitability characteristics. The other half is invested in a portfolio of between 60-100 shares with a focus on companies that are expected to benefit from strong revenue growth characteristics. The investment managers have discretion over which shares to hold and when to buy/sell them. ESG factors are considered within the investment process where relevant.

### Fund Facts

**Launch Date:**  
10/4/2011

**Fund size:**  
£87.08m

**Price Per Share:**  
188.4p

**Base Currency:**  
GBP

**Does this fund form part of an HSBC default strategy?**  
No

**Charges:**  
Inv Mgmt Charges: 0.00%  
Additional Charges: 0.03%

HSBC pays the investment management charges – not you. However, there may be costs within some of the funds and these will be reflected in the unit price. These nominal costs are variable and are likely to be between nil and 0.2% a year.

**Current Underlying Fund(s):**  
50% GW&K Emerging Markets Fund  
50% JPMorgan Emerging Markets Sustainable Equity Fund

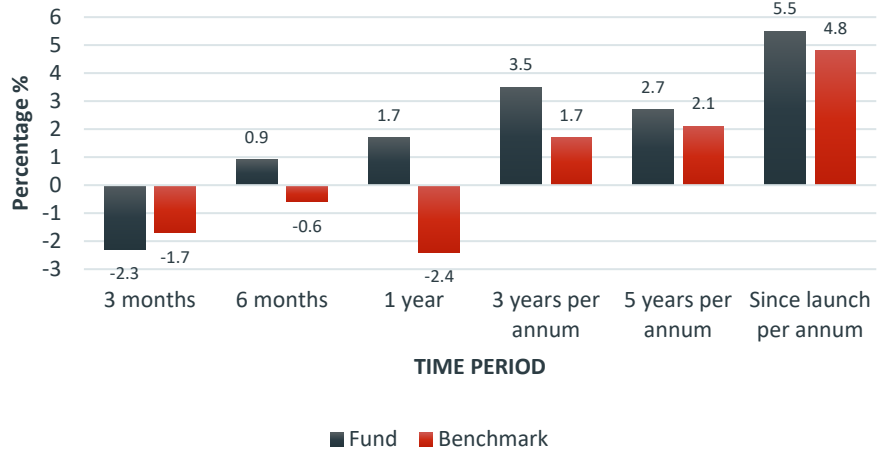
**Current Benchmark:**  
MSCI Emerging Markets Index

**Volatility (% per annum):**

	3 Years	5 Years
<b>Fund:</b>	12.2	14.7
<b>Benchmark:</b>	13.1	14.4

Annualised volatility: a measure of how variable returns for a fund or comparative market index have been around their historical average (also known as "standard deviation"). Two funds may produce the same return over a period. The fund whose monthly returns have varied less have a lower annualised volatility and may be considered to have achieved its returns with less risk. The calculation is the standard deviation of monthly returns presented as an annualised number. Volatility for funds and indices are calculated independently of each other.

### Fund Performance



### Note

Total fund performance is made up of a composite of all the current and historic underlying investment manager(s) fund arrangement(s). As such, the longer-term performance shown may not solely reflect that of the current investment manager fund arrangement(s) for this fund. Past performance is not a guide to future performance. The figures are shown in Sterling and have been calculated using actual returns since the introduction of the current DC fund range. Source: FIL Life Insurance Ltd. Single priced, gross income reinvested and net of fees. Indicative prices have been used if a portfolio valuation fell on a non-trading day.

## For members of the HSBC Bank (UK) Pension Scheme

### Fund performance (continued)

	30 June 2022 - 30 June 2023	30 June 2021- 30 June 2022	30 June 2020 - 30 June 2021	30 June 2019 - 30 June 2020	30 June 2018 - 30 June 2019
	%	%	%	%	%
<b>Fund</b>	1.7	-13.3	25.6	-4.4	7.9
<b>Benchmark</b>	-2.4	-14.7	26.4	-0.1	5.4
<b>Relative Performance</b>	4.1	1.4	-0.8	-4.3	2.5

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Past performance is not a guide to future performance. The figures are shown in Sterling and have been calculated using actual returns since the introduction of the current DC fund range.

Source: FIL Life Insurance Ltd. Single priced, gross income reinvested and net of fees. Indicative prices have been used if a portfolio valuation fell on a non-trading day.

### Market Commentary

Emerging markets declined over the quarter. Equities came under pressure in April and May, as global risk-off sentiment was triggered by deteriorating US-China relations and the continued sell-off in US regional banks. Markets subsequently rebounded in June, supported by cooling inflation data. Against this backdrop, all regions except emerging Asia posted positive returns. Latin America was the best performer. Brazil led gains, supported by falling inflation and expectations of an interest rate cut in August. Within EMEA, Poland and Hungary were the best performing markets. Within emerging Asia, China declined as the risk appetite decreased due to concerns over weakness in its economic recovery, geopolitical tensions and conflicting macroeconomic indicators. However, commodity prices rallied later in the period on indications that the government was considering a stimulus package to support consumer demand and the property market. At a sector level, energy, financials and information technology were the best performers, while communication services and consumer discretionary were among the worst performers. The price of Brent crude oil and industrial metals fell over the quarter due to macroeconomic headwinds. Source: Fidelity. This is general market commentary and should not be considered as advice.

GEOGRAPHICAL BREAKDOWN		
1	Asia	79.18%
2	Latin America	12.13%
3	Africa	2.98%
4	Europe	2.42%
5	Cash & Other	2.29%
6	Middle East	1.00%
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

INDUSTRY SECTOR BREAKDOWN		
1	Financials	24.99%
2	Technology	24.67%
3	Consumer Services	18.51%
4	Other	11.46%
5	Consumer Goods	11.17%
6	Industrials	5.13%
7	Oil & Gas	2.03%
8	Health Care	1.49%
9	Basic Materials	0.55%
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

## For members of the HSBC Bank (UK) Pension Scheme

### Risk rating

Very low   Low   Low/medium   Medium   Medium/high   High   Very high

All investments carry a level of risk. You need to decide how much of each type of risk you're prepared to take. The table below gives an overview of some of the risks associated with this fund

Risk type	Description of risk	Level of risk for this fund
Capital Risk	This is the risk that the value of your investments will fall. Investors in higher capital risk funds should expect to see above average growth over the long term, but might see big falls in value in the short term. The younger you are, the less worried you might be about capital risk, because your investments have time to recover their value before you retire. Higher capital risk funds may be less suitable if you are close to retirement and want more certainty.	VH
Inflation Risk	This is the risk that the value of your investments will grow more slowly than prices rise. Inflation can be a problem for pension savings invested in cash or bond funds particularly if the interest you're earning is less than the rate of inflation and you are some way from retirement.	M
Pension Conversion Risk	The price of an annuity changes on a regular basis. This means that the amount of income you can secure with the same amount of money will change. Pension conversion risk is the risk that the amount of income you can buy drops before you retire, because your money is invested differently to annuity funds. That's why, if you wish to buy an annuity to provide a regular income through retirement, putting more of your DC pension pot into bonds to try to match annuity prices as you get closer to retirement age can help protect against this risk. If you wish to continue investing your pension savings during retirement and access drawdown then this is less of a concern.	H

### About the factsheet

It is important to remember that the price of units can go down as well as up. There's no guarantee that you'll get back the amount that goes into your DC pension pot. Changes in rates of currency exchange, particularly where overseas securities are held, could also affect the value of your investment. Although the funds can typically be bought and sold on a daily basis, fund managers may need to delay when you can access your holdings in a fund(s) due to exceptional market circumstances. All funds are provided through FIL Life Insurance Ltd and may invest in securities issued by or hold deposits with HSBC Holdings plc and associated companies. The Trustee can change the underlying managers or funds within this fund, or decide to withdraw or replace the fund at any time, without member consent or prior notification. This factsheet should be read alongside the investment guide.

Making fund choices is an important decision that could have a significant effect on your benefits. This factsheet has been produced to provide you with fund information and is not designed to provide advice or a recommendation on the suitability of an investment for your personal financial circumstances. The Trustee cannot give you financial advice about your fund choices. Consider taking independent financial advice before making any investment decisions.

**Valuation time:** Business days at 5:00pm (UK time)

**Dealing Process:** The cut off time for switch instructions is 2:00pm each business day.

### Contact us

You can find more Scheme information at: [www.futurefocus.staff.hsbc.co.uk](http://www.futurefocus.staff.hsbc.co.uk)

If you are a Defined Contribution (DC) only member and have any questions, please contact the DC Scheme Administrator, Willis Towers Watson, at:

**Email:** [HSBCpension@willistowerswatson.com](mailto:HSBCpension@willistowerswatson.com); **Phone:** 01737 227 575

If you are a hybrid member and have any questions, please contact the Defined Benefit Scheme Administrator, Equiniti, at:

**Email:** [HSBCHybridPensions@equiniti.com](mailto:HSBCHybridPensions@equiniti.com); **Phone:** 0371 384 2631

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