The DC Funds

Diversified Assets - active as at 31 December 2022

Fund objective

To provide long-term capital growth in excess of UK price inflation. The fund aims to have less capital risk than an equities based fund by investing in a broad range of asset classes including equities, bonds, and a range of alternative assets. The fund aims to perform in line with the benchmark, over the long-term.

Fund Facts

Launch Date:

4/10/2011

Fund size:

£814.20m

Price Per Share:

143.2p

Base Currency:

GBP

Does this fund form part of an HSBC default strategy?

Yes - Flexible Income Strategy, Lump Sum Strategy, Annuity Purchase Strategy, Capital Lifecycle, Lifecycle 2

Charges:

Inv Mgmt Charges: 0.00% Additional Charges: 0.06%

HSBC pays the investment management charges – not you. However, there may be costs within some of the funds and these will be reflected in the unit price. These nominal costs are variable and are likely to be between nil and 0.2% a year.

Current Underlying Fund(s):

100% Schroder Life HSBC Sustainable Diversified Growth Fund

Current Benchmark:

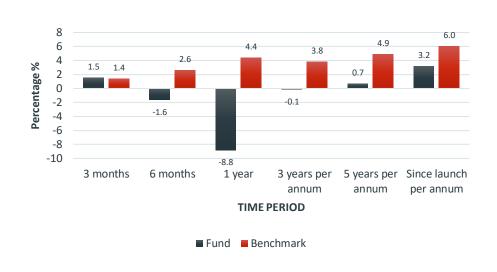
SONIA + 3% (per annum)

Volatility (% per annum):

	3 Years	5 Years
und:	9.5	7.9
arget:	7.0	7.0

Annualised volatility: a measure of how variable returns for a fund have been around their historical average (also known as "standard deviation"). Two funds may produce the same return over a period. The fund whose monthly returns have varied less have a lower annualised volatility and may be considered to have achieved its returns with less risk. The fund volatility calculation is the standard deviation of monthly returns presented as an annualised number. The target is the level of volatility the investment manager seeks to stay below, over the long-term, as it aims to achieve its investment return objective.

Fund Performance



Note

Total fund performance is made up of a composite of all the current and historic underlying investment manager(s) fund arrangement(s). As such, the longer-term performance shown may not solely reflect that of the current investment manager fund arrangement(s) for this fund. Past performance is not a guide to future performance. The figures are shown in Sterling and have been calculated using actual returns since the introduction of the current DC fund range.

Source: FIL Life Insurance Ltd. Single priced, gross income reinvested and net of fees. Indicative prices have been used if a portfolio valuation fell on a non-trading day.



For members of the HSBC Bank (UK) Pension Scheme

Fund performance (continued)

	31 Dec 2022 - 31 Dec 2021	31 Dec 2021 - 31 Dec 2020	31 Dec 2020 - 31 Dec 2019	31 Dec 2019 - 31 Dec 2018	31 Dec 2018 - 31 Dec 2017
	%	%	%	%	%
Fund	-8.8	6.4	2.6	12.5	-7.5
Benchmark	4.4	3.1	3.8	6.3	6.8
Relative Performance	-13.2	3.3	-1.2	6.2	-14.3

Total fund performance is made up of a composite of all the current and historic underlying investment manager(s) fund arrangement(s). As such, the longer-term performance shown may not solely reflect that of the current investment manager fund arrangement(s) for this fund.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance. The figures are shown in Sterling and have been calculated using actual returns since the introduction of the current DC fund range. Source: FIL Life Insurance Ltd. Single priced, gross income reinvested and net of fees. Indicative prices have been used if a portfolio valuation fell on a non-trading day.

Market Commentary

Global equities rose over the October-November period, as investors appeared to bet that peaking inflation and slowing growth would eventually force global central banks to slow down the pace of policy tightening. However, gains were curtailed in December as downbeat economic data and major central banks' hawkish policy stance intensified fears of a looming recession. While the US Federal Reserve (Fed) and European Central Bank did slow the pace of rate hikes in December, they retained their hawkish stance. Against this backdrop, Europe and Pacific ex Japan equities gained strongly. Emerging market equities ended higher, led by China due to an ease in COVID-19 related curbs and the introduction of supportive measures for the distressed property sector. At a sector level, energy, industrials and materials were the top performers, while consumer discretionary and communication services lagged the broader market. Source: Fidelity. This is general market commentary and should not be considered as advice.

	TOP 10 HOLDINGS	
1	Schroder Global Sustainable Growth Portfolio	18.70%
2	US 10 Year Government Bond	11.84%
3	Schroder ABB Sustainable Investment Grade Portfolio	8.71%
4	Schroder ISF Cross Asset Momentum Component Fund	4.92%
5	Schroder Sustainable High Yield Portfolio	4.68%
6	Schroder ISF Asian Credit Opportunities	4.35%
7	Schroder Global Sustainable Value Equity Fund	4.05%
8	Schroder ISF Global Sustainable Convertible Bond	3.89%
9	SIF Core Insurance Linked Securities	3.39%
10	US 5 Year Government Bond	3.00%
	TOTAL	67.53%

	ASSET BREAKDOWN	
1	Fixed Income	42.93%
2	Equity	30.86%
3	Alternative Investments	26.07%
4	Cash	0.14%
	TOTAL	100.00%

	GEOGRAPHICAL BREAKDOW	/N
1	United States	50.46%
2	Other	19.63%
3	United Kingdom	17.33%
4	China	2.72%
5	India	1.78%
6	France	1.73%
7	Hong Kong	1.66%
8	Mexico	1.65%
9	Japan	1.60%
10	Italy	1.44%
	TOTAL	100.00%

	INDUSTRY SECTOR BREAKDOWN		
1	Other	45.80%	
2	Financials	20.46%	
3	Technology	8.59%	
4	Industrials	7.42%	
5	Health Care	6.78%	
6	Consumer Goods	4.56%	
7	Utilities	2.38%	
8	Basic Materials	2.09%	
9	Consumer Services	1.25%	
10	Oil & Gas	0.67%	
	TOTAL	100.00%	



For members of the HSBC Bank (UK) Pension Scheme

Risk rating Very low Low Low/medium Medium Medium/high High Very high All investments carry a level of risk. You need to decide how much of each type of risk you're prepared to take. The table below gives an overview of some of the

Risk type	Description of risk	Level of risk for this fund
Capital Risk	This is the risk that the value of your investments will fall. Investors in higher capital risk funds should expect to see above average growth over the long term, but might see big falls in value in the short term. The younger you are, the less worried you might be about capital risk, because your investments have time to recover their value before you retire. Higher capital risk funds may be less suitable if you are close to retirement and want more certainty.	M
Inflation Risk	This is the risk that the value of your investments will grow more slowly than prices rise. Inflation can be a problem for pension savings invested in cash or bond funds particularly if the interest you're earning is less than the rate of inflation and you are some way from retirement.	M
Pension Conversion Risk	The price of an annuity changes on a regular basis. This means that the amount of income you can secure with the same amount of money will change. Pension conversion risk is the risk that the amount of income you can buy drops before you retire, because your money is invested differently to annuity funds. That's why, if you wish to buy an annuity to provide a regular income through retirement, putting more of your DC pension pot into bonds to try to match annuity prices as you get closer to retirement age can help protect	H

against this risk. If you wish to continue investing your pension savings during retirement and access

About the factsheet

risks associated with this fund

It is important to remember that the price of units can go down as well as up. There's no guarantee that you'll get back the amount that goes into your DC pension pot. Changes in rates of currency exchange, particularly where overseas securities are held, could also affect the value of your investment. Although the funds can typically be bought and sold on a daily basis, fund managers may need to delay when you can access your holdings in a fund(s) due to exceptional market circumstances. All funds are provided through FIL Life Insurance Ltd and may invest in securities issued by or hold deposits with HSBC Holdings plc and associated companies. The Trustee can change the underlying managers or funds within this fund, or decide to withdraw or replace the fund at any time, without member consent or prior notification. This factsheet should be read alongside the investment guide.

Making fund choices is an important decision that could have a significant effect on your benefits. This factsheet has been produced to provide you with fund information and is not designed to provide advice or a recommendation on the suitability of an investment for your personal financial circumstances. The Trustee cannot give you financial advice about your fund choices. Consider taking independent financial advice before making any investment decisions.

Valuation time: Business days at 5:00pm (UK time)

Dealing Process: The cut off time for switch instructions is 2:00pm each business day.

drawdown then this is less of a concern.

Contact us

You can find more Scheme information at: www.futurefocus.staff.hsbc.co.uk

If you are a Defined Contribution (DC) only member and have any questions, please contact the DC Scheme Administrator, Willis Towers Watson, at: Email: HSBCpension@willistowerswatson.com; Phone: 01737 227 575

If you are a hybrid member and have any questions, please contact the Defined Benefit Scheme Administrator, Equiniti, at:

Email: HSBCHybridPensions@equiniti.com; Phone: 0371 384 2631

