the DC funds

Japanese Equities - **passive**as at 30 June 2020

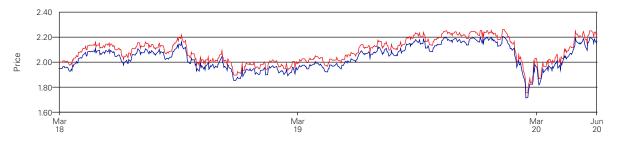
fund objective

To provide long-term capital growth in excess of UK price inflation by investing predominantly in Japanese listed shares. The fund aims to perform in line with the benchmark as closely as possible.

Fund size: 2. Sony 2.31	IndustrialsConsumer Goods	% 23.27
1 March 2018 1. Toyota Motor 4.27 Fund size: 2. Sony 2.31		23.27
runa size:	 Consumor Goods 	
	Consumer doods	22.94
£3.26m 3. Softbank Group 2.26	Health Care	11.69
4 Kevence Corp 2 07	Financials	11.16
Price per share: 216.70p 5. Takeda Pharmaceutical Co 1.51	Consumer Services	10.42
6. Daiichi Sankyo Co Ltd 1.43	Technology	6.76
Charges: 7. KDDI Corp 1.41	 Telecommunications 	6.09
Inv Mgmt Charges: 0.00% Additional Charges: 0.00% 8. Mitsubishi UFJ Financial 1.35	Basic Materials	5.37
Group	Utilities	1.68
Current underlying 9. Nintendo 1.31 fund(s): 10.Shin-Etsu Chemical Co Ltd 1.28	Oil & Gas	0.62
L&G Japan Equity Index Total 19.20	Total	100.00
Fund		

fund performance

	30 Jun 2019 - 30 Jun 2020 %	30 Jun 2018 - 30 Jun 2019 %	30 Jun 2017 - 30 Jun 2018 %	30 Jun 2016 - 30 Jun 2017 %	30 Jun 2015 - 30 Jun 2016 %
■ Fund	7.17%	-1.51%	10.50%	23.77%	7.32%
■ Benchmark	7.27%	-1.45%	10.51%	23.97%	7.75%
Relative Performance	-0.10%	-0.06%	-0.01%	-0.20%	-0.43%



Rolling time period	3 months	6 months	1 year	3 year p.a.	5 year p.a.	Since launch
Fund	13.51%	0.18%	7.17%	5.26%	9.15%	4.80%
Benchmark	13.52%	0.39%	7.27%	5.32%	9.31%	4.79%
Relative Performance	-0.01%	-0.21%	-0.10%	-0.06%	-0.16%	0.01%

Past performance isn't a guide to future performance. The figures are shown in sterling and have been calculated using actual returns since the introduction of the current DC fund range.

Source: Morningstar, FIL Life Insurance Ltd. Single priced (i.e. no bid/offer spread), gross income reinvested and gross of fees. Indicative prices have been used if a portfolio valuation fell on a non-trading day. The fund was launched on 1st March 2018, but links to an underlying fund which has been existence for a number of years. Before 1st March 2018, performance is simulated based on data provided by Legal and General, the underlying fund provider. Thereafter, returns are produced by Fidelity on a monthly basis.





market commentary

The Japanese equity market rebounded over the April–June quarter, led by strong gains in mid/small-caps and in emerging company stocks. Central bank action reduced volatility and risk sentiment improved as the increase in COVID-19 cases appears to be brought under control and global economies have started to reopen. Signs of a nascent recovery in macroeconomic indicators supported the upturn in the market, though a resurgence in virus infections in the US tempered gains towards the end of the period. The Japanese economy entered a technical recession in the first three months of 2020, with a steeper correction anticipated in the second quarter. In order to mitigate the economic and social impact of the pandemic, Prime Minister Shinzo Abe's cabinet approved a second supplementary budget, elevating its combined headline stimulus to around 40% of GDP.

risk rating

■ Very Low ■ Low ■ Low/Medium ■ Medium ■ Medium/High ■ High ■ Very High
All investments carry a level of risk. You need to decide how much of each type of risk
you're prepared to take. The table below gives an overview of some of the risks associated with this fund.

risk type	description of risk	level of risk for this fund
Capital Risk	This is the risk that the value of your investments will fall. The younger you are, the less worried you might be about capital risk, because your investments have time to recover their value before your retire.	High
Inflation Risk	This is the risk that the value of your investments will grow more slowly than prices rise. Inflation can be a problem for pension savings invested in cash funds particularly if the interest you're earning is less than the rate of inflation.	Med
Pension Conversion Risk	The price of an annuity changes on a regular basis. This means that the amount of income you can secure with the same amount of money will change. Pension conversion risk is the risk that the amount of income you can buy drops before you retire, because your money is invested differently to annuity funds. That's why putting more of your DC pension pot into bonds to try to match annuity prices as you get closer to retirement age can help protect against this risk.	High

About the factsheet

It is important to remember that the price of units can go down as well as up. There's no guarantee that you'll get back the amount that goes into your DC pension pot. Changes in rates of currency exchange, particularly where overseas securities are held, could also affect the value of your investment. Although the funds can typically be bought and sold on a daily basis, if an exceptional amount of withdrawals are requested, the fund manager may need to delay when you can access your holdings. All funds are provided through FIL Life Insurance Ltd and may invest in securities issued by or hold deposits with HSBC Holdings plc and associated companies.

The Trustee can change the underlying managers or funds at any time without member consent or prior notification.

Valuation time: Business days at 5:00pm (UK time)

Dealing Process: The cut off time for switch instructions is 2:00pm each business day.

Contact us

You can find more Scheme information at: www.futurefocus.staff.hsbc.co.uk

If you have any questions contact the HSBC Administration Team at: email: HSBCpension@willistowerswatson.com phone:01737 227 575

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Charges

HSBC pays the investment management charges – not you. However, there may be costs within some of the funds and these will be reflected in the unit price. These nominal costs are variable and are likely to be between nil and 0.2% a year.

